

the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are undernourished has increased from 600 million to 800 million (FAO 1996).

There are a number of reasons for this increase. First, the world population has increased from 5 billion in 1987 to 6 billion in 1996, and is projected to reach 8 billion by 2025 (FAO 1996). Second, the world population is ageing, and the elderly are more vulnerable to malnutrition (FAO 1996).

Third, the world population is becoming more urban, and the urban population is growing faster than the rural population (FAO 1996). Fourth, the world population is becoming more mobile, and the mobile population is growing faster than the stationary population (FAO 1996).

Fifth, the world population is becoming more educated, and the educated population is growing faster than the uneducated population (FAO 1996). Sixth, the world population is becoming more affluent, and the affluent population is growing faster than the poor population (FAO 1996).

Seventh, the world population is becoming more diverse, and the diverse population is growing faster than the homogeneous population (FAO 1996). Eighth, the world population is becoming more heterogeneous, and the heterogeneous population is growing faster than the homogeneous population (FAO 1996).

Ninth, the world population is becoming more complex, and the complex population is growing faster than the simple population (FAO 1996). Tenth, the world population is becoming more dynamic, and the dynamic population is growing faster than the static population (FAO 1996).

Eleventh, the world population is becoming more volatile, and the volatile population is growing faster than the stable population (FAO 1996). Twelfth, the world population is becoming more unpredictable, and the unpredictable population is growing faster than the predictable population (FAO 1996).

Thirteenth, the world population is becoming more uncertain, and the uncertain population is growing faster than the certain population (FAO 1996). Fourteenth, the world population is becoming more risky, and the risky population is growing faster than the safe population (FAO 1996).

Fifteenth, the world population is becoming more dangerous, and the dangerous population is growing faster than the safe population (FAO 1996). Sixteenth, the world population is becoming more threatening, and the threatening population is growing faster than the safe population (FAO 1996).

Seventeenth, the world population is becoming more harmful, and the harmful population is growing faster than the safe population (FAO 1996). Eighteenth, the world population is becoming more destructive, and the destructive population is growing faster than the safe population (FAO 1996).

Nineteenth, the world population is becoming more damaging, and the damaging population is growing faster than the safe population (FAO 1996). Twentieth, the world population is becoming more devastating, and the devastating population is growing faster than the safe population (FAO 1996).

Twenty-first, the world population is becoming more catastrophic, and the catastrophic population is growing faster than the safe population (FAO 1996). Twenty-second, the world population is becoming more disastrous, and the disastrous population is growing faster than the safe population (FAO 1996).

Twenty-third, the world population is becoming more calamitous, and the calamitous population is growing faster than the safe population (FAO 1996). Twenty-fourth, the world population is becoming more ruinous, and the ruinous population is growing faster than the safe population (FAO 1996).